

10-Bit Digital-to-Analog Converter with Two-Wire Interface

Features

- 10-Bit Digital-to-Analog Converter
- 2.7-5.5V Single Supply Operation
- Simple SMBus/I²C™ Serial Interface
- Low Power: 350μA Operation, 0.5μA Shutdown
- · 8-Pin SOIC and 8-Pin MSOP Packages

Applications

- Programmable Voltage Sources
- Digital Controlled Amplifiers/Attenuators
- · Process Monitoring and Control

Device Selection Table

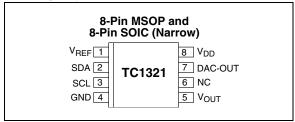
| Part Number | Package | Temperature Range |
|----------------|---------------------|-------------------|
| TC1321EOA | 8-Pin SOIC (Narrow) | -40°C to +85°C |
| TC1321EUA | 8-Pin MSOP | -40°C to +85°C |

General Description

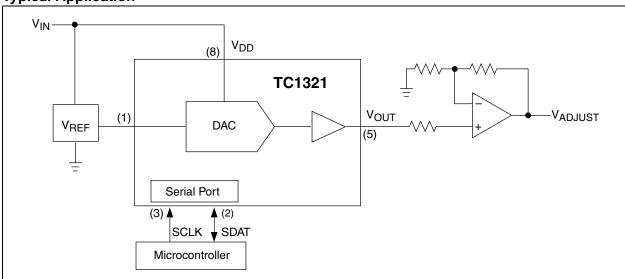
The TC1321 is a serially accessible 10-bit voltage output digital-to-analog converter (DAC). The DAC produces an output voltage that ranges from ground to an externally supplied reference voltage. It operates from a single power supply that can range from 2.7V to 5.5V, making it ideal for a wide range of applications. Built into the part is a Power-on Reset function that ensures that the device starts at a known condition.

Communication with the TC1321 is accomplished via a simple 2-wire SMBus/I²C compatible serial port, with the TC1321 acting as a slave only device. The host can enable the SHDN bit in the CONFIG register to activate the Low Power Standby mode.

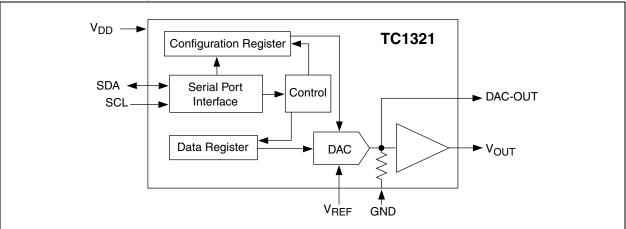
Package Type



Typical Application



Functional Block Diagram



1.0 **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Absolute Maximum Ratings*

| Supply Voltage (V _{DD})+6V |
|---|
| Voltage on any Pin (GND - 0.3V) to (V _{DD} + 0.3V) |
| Current on any Pin±50mA |
| Package Thermal Resistance (θ_{JA}) 330°C C/W |
| Operating Temperature (T _A)See Below |
| Storage Temperature (T _{STG})65°C to +150°C |

*Stresses above those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operation sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to Absolute Maximum Rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

TC1321 ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

| | naracteristics: $V_{DD} = 2.7V$ to 5.5V, -40°C \leq | | -, - <u>KE</u> F | | | |
|-------------------------|--|-----|------------------|-----------------------|----------|---|
| Symbol | Parameter | Min | Тур | Max | Unit | Test Conditions |
| Power Supp | ly | | | | | |
| V_{DD} | Supply Voltage | 2.7 | _ | 5.5 | V | |
| I _{DD} | Operating Current | _ | 350 | 500 | mA | V _{DD} = 5.5V, V _{REF} = 1.2V Serial Port Inactive (Note 1) |
| I _{DD-STANDBY} | Standby Supply Current | I | 0.1 | 1 | μΑ | V _{DD} = 3.3V Serial Port Inactive (Note 1) |
| Static Perfor | mance - Analog Section | | | | | |
| | Resolution | _ | _ | 10 | Bits | |
| INL | Integral Non-Linearity at FS, T _A = +25°C | _ | _ | ±4.0 | LSB | (Note 2) |
| FSE | Full Scale Error | - | _ | ±3 | %FS | |
| DNL | Differential Non-Linearity, T _A = +25°C | -1 | _ | +2 | LSB | All Codes (Note 2) |
| Vos | Offset Error at V _{OUT} | _ | ±0.3 | ±8 | mV | (Note 2) |
| TCV _{OS} | Offset Error Tempco at V _{OUT} | | 10 | _ | μν/°C | |
| PSRR | Power Supply Rejection Ratio | | 80 | _ | dB | V _{DD} at DC |
| V _{REF} | Voltage Reference Range | 0 | _ | V _{DD} – 1.2 | V | |
| I _{REF} | Reference Input Leakage Current | | _ | ±1.0 | μΑ | |
| V _{SW} | Voltage Swing | 0 | _ | V_{REF} | V | $V_{REF} \le (V_{DD} - 1.2V)$ |
| R _{OUT} | Output Resistance @ V _{OUT} | _ | 5.0 | _ | Ω | $R_{OUT}(\Omega)$ |
| I _{OUT} | Output Current (Source or Sink) | _ | 2 | _ | mA | |
| I _{SC} | Output Short-Circuit Current V _{DD} = 5.5V | _ | 30 20 | 50 50 | mA mA | Source Sink |
| Dynamic Pe | rformance | | | | | |
| SR | Voltage Output Slew Rate | _ | 0.8 | _ | V/μs | |
| t _{SETTLE} | Output Voltage Full Scale Settling Time | _ | 10 | _ | μsec | |
| t _{WU} | Wake-up Time | _ | 20 | _ | μs | |
| | Digital Feed Through and Crosstalk | ı | 5 | _ | nV-s | $SDA = V_{DD}$, $SCL = 100kHz$ |
| Serial Port I | nterface | | | | | |
| V _{IH} | Logic Input High | 2.4 | _ | V_{DD} | V | |
| V _{IL} | Logic Input Low | _ | _ | 0.6 | _ | |
| V _{OL} | SDA Output Low | _ | | 0.4 0.6 | V V | I _{OL} = 3mA (Sinking Current) I _{OL} = 6mA |
| C _{IN} | Input Capacitance SDA, SCL | _ | 5 | 0.4 | pF | OL 2 |
| I _{LEAK} | I/O Leakage | | _ | ±1.0 | μA | |

Note 1: SDA and SCL must be connected to V_{DD} or GND. 2: Measured at $V_{OUT} \ge 50 \text{mV}$ referred to GND to avoid output buffer clipping.

TC1321 ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS (CONTINUED)

| Electrical Cl | haracteristics: V _{DD} = 2.7V to 5.5V, -40°C | ≤ T _A ≤ +85 | °C, V _{REF} = | 1.2 unless o | therwise r | oted. |
|------------------------|---|------------------------|------------------------|--------------|------------|---|
| Symbol | Parameter | Min | Тур | Max | Unit | Test Conditions |
| Serial Port A | AC Timing | • | | l | | |
| f _{SMB} | SMBus Clock Frequency | 10 | _ | 100 | kHz | |
| t _{IDLE} | Bus Free Time Prior to New Transition | 4.7 | _ | _ | μsec | |
| t _{H(START)} | START Condition Hold Time | 4.0 | _ | _ | μsec | |
| t _{SU(START)} | START Condition Setup Time | 4.7 | _ | _ | µѕес | 90% SCL to 10% SDA (for Repeated START Condition) |
| t _{SU(STOP)} | STOP Condition Setup Time | 4.0 | _ | _ | μsec | |
| t _{H-DATA} | Data In Hold Time | 100 | _ | _ | nsec | |
| t _{SU-DATA} | Data In Setup Time | 100 | _ | _ | nsec | |
| t _{LOW} | Low Clock Period | 4.7 | _ | _ | μsec | 10% to 10% |
| t _{HIGH} | High Clock Period | 4 | _ | _ | μsec | 90% to 90% |
| t _F | SMBus Fall Time | _ | _ | 300 | nsec | 90% to 10% |
| t _R | SMBus Rise Time | _ | _ | 1000 | nsec | 10% to 90% |
| t _{POR} | Power-on Reset Delay | _ | 500 | _ | μsec | V _{DD} ≥ V _{POR} (Rising Edge) |

Note 1: SDA and SCL must be connected to V_{DD} or GND.
 2: Measured at V_{OUT} ≥ 50mV referred to GND to avoid output buffer clipping.

2.0 PIN DESCRIPTIONS

The descriptions of the pins are listed in Table 2-1.

TABLE 2-1: PIN FUNCTION TABLE

| Pin Number | Symbol | Туре | Description | | | | | |
|------------|---------------------------|----------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| 1 | V _{REF} | Input | Input. Voltage Reference Input can range from 0V to 1.2V below V _{DD} . | | | | | |
| 2 | SDA | Bi-Directional | Bi-directional. Serial data is transferred on the SMBus in both directions using this pin. | | | | | |
| 3 | SCL | Input | Input. SMBus serial clock. Clocks data into and out of the TC1321. | | | | | |
| 4 | GND | Power | Ground. | | | | | |
| 5 | 5 V _{OUT} Output | | Output. Buffered DAC output voltage. This voltage is a function of the reference voltage and the contents of the DATA register. | | | | | |
| 6 | NC | None | No connection. | | | | | |
| 7 | DAC-OUT | Output | Output. Unbuffered DAC output voltage. This voltage is a function of the reference voltage and the contents of the DATA register. This output is unbuffered and care must be taken that the pin is connected only to a high-impedance node. | | | | | |
| 8 | V _{DD} | Power | Positive power supply input. See electrical specifications. | | | | | |

3.0 DETAILED DESCRIPTION

The TC1321 is a monolithic 10-bit digital-to-analog converter that is designed to operate from a single supply that can range from 2.7V to 5.5V. The DAC consists of a data register (DATA), a configuration register (CONF), and a current output amplifier. The TC1321 uses an external reference which also determines the maximum output voltage.

The TC1321 uses a current steering DAC based on an array of matched current sources. This current, along with a precision resistor, converts the contents of the Data Register and V_{REF} into an output voltage, V_{OUT} given by:

 $V_{OUT} = V_{REF} (DATA/1024)$

3.1 Reference Input

The reference pin, V_{REF} is a buffered high-impedance input and because of this, the load regulation of the reference source needs only to be able to tolerate leakage levels of current (less than 1 μ A). V_{REF} accepts a voltage range from 0 to ($V_{DD}-1.2V$). Input capacitance is typically 10pF.

3.2 Output Amplifier

The TC1321 DAC output is buffered with an internal unity gain rail-to-rail input/output amplifier with a typical slew rate of 0.8V/µsec. Maximum full scale transition settling time is $10\mu\text{sec}$ to within $\pm 1/2\text{LSB}$ when loaded with $1k\Omega$ in parallel with 100pF.

3.3 Standby Mode

The TC1321 allows the host to put it into a Low Power ($I_{DD} = 0.5\mu A$, typical) Standby mode. In this mode, the D/A conversion is halted. The SMBus port operates normally. Standby mode is enabled by setting the SHDN bit in the CONFIG register. The table below summarizes this operation.

TABLE 3-1: STANDBY MODE OPERATION

| SHDN Bit | Operating Mode | | | | |
|----------|----------------|--|--|--|--|
| 0 | Normal | | | | |
| 1 | Standby | | | | |

3.4 SMBus Slave Address

The TC1321 is internally programmed to have a default SMBus address value of 1001 000b. Seven other addresses are available by custom order (contact factory). See Figure 3-1 for location of address bits in SMBus protocol.

FIGURE 3-1: **SMBus PROTOCOLS**

Write 1-Byte Format

| S | Address | R/W | ACK | Command | ACK | Data | ACK | Р | |
|---|---------|-----|-----|---------|-----|--------|-----|---|--|
| | 7-Bits | 0 | | 8-Bits | | 8-Bits | | | |

Slave Address

Command Byte: selects which register you are writing to.

Data Byte: data goes into the register set by the command byte.

Write 2-Byte Format

| S | Address | R/W | ACK | Command | ACK | Data | ACK | Data | ACK | Р |
|---|---------|-----|-----|---------|-----|--------|-----|--------|-----|---|
| | 7-Bits | 0 | | 8-Bits | | 8-Bits | | 8-Bits | | |

Slave Address

Command Byte: selects which register you are writing to.

Data Byte: data goes into the register set by the command byte.

Read 1-Byte Format

| S | Address | R/W | ACK | Command | ACK | s | Address | R/W | ACK | Data | NACK | Р |
|---|---------|-----|-----|---------|-----|---|---------|-----|-----|--------|------|---|
| | 7-Bits | 0 | | 8-Bits | | | 7-Bits | 1 | | 8-Bits | | |

Slave Address

which register you are reading from.

Command Byte: selects Slave Address: repeated Data Byte: reads from due to change in data flow direction.

the register set by the command byte.

Read 2-Byte Format

| S | Address | R/W | ACK | Command | ACK | S | Address | R/W | ACK | Data | ACK | Data | NACK | Р |
|---|---------|-----|-----|---------|-----|---|---------|-----|-----|--------|-----|--------|------|---|
| | 7-Bits | 0 | | 8-Bits | | | 7-Bits | 1 | | 8-Bits | | 8-Bits | | |

Slave Address

Command Byte: selects which register you are reading from.

Slave Address: repeated Data Byte: reads from due to change in data flow direction.

the register set by the command byte.

Receive 1-Byte Format

| S | Address | R/W | ACK | Data | NACK | Р |
|---|---------|-----|-----|--------|------|---|
| | 7-Bits | 1 | | 8-Bits | | |

S = START Condition P = STOP Condition Shaded = Slave Transmission the last read byte or write

Data Byte: reads data from the register commanded by

byte transmission.

Receive 1-Byte Format

| S | Address | R/W | ACK | Data | ACK | Data | NACK | Р |
|---|---------|-----|-----|--------|-----|--------|------|---|
| | 7-Bits | 1 | | 8-Bits | | 8-Bits | | |

S = START Condition P = STOP Condition

Data Byte: reads data from the register commanded by Shaded = Slave Transmission the last read byte or write

byte transmission.

4.0 SERIAL PORT OPERATION

The Serial Clock input (SCL) and bi-directional data port (SDA) form a 2-wire bi-directional serial port for programming and interrogating the TC1321. The following conventions are used in this bus architecture.

TABLE 4-1: TC1321 SERIAL BUS CONVENTIONS

| Term | Explanation |
|-------------|---|
| Transmitter | The device sending data to the bus. |
| Receiver | The device receiving data from the bus. |
| Master | The device which controls the bus: initiating transfers (START), generating the clock, and terminating transfers (STOP). |
| Slave | The device addressed by the master. |
| START | A unique condition signaling the beginning of a transfer indicated by SDA falling (High - Low) while SCL is high. |
| STOP | A unique condition signaling the end of a transfer indicated by SDA rising (Low - High) while SCL is high. |
| ACK | A Receiver Acknowledges the receipt of each byte with this unique condition. The Receiver drives SDA low during SCL high of the ACK clock pulse. The Master provides the clock pulse for the ACK cycle. |
| Busy | Communication is not possible because the bus is in use. |
| Not Busy | When the bus is IDLE, both SDA and SCL will remain high. |
| Data Valid | The state of SDA must remain stable during the High period of SCL in order for a data bit to be considered valid. SDA only changes state while SCL is low during normal data transfers. (See START and STOP conditions.) |

All transfers take place under control of a host, usually a CPU or microcontroller, acting as the Master, which provides the clock signal for all transfers. The TC1321 always operates as a Slave. The serial protocol is illustrated in Figure 3-1. All data transfers have two phases; all bytes are transferred MSB first. Accesses are initiated by a START condition (START), followed by a device address byte and one or more data bytes. The device address byte includes a Read/Write selection bit. Each access must be terminated by a STOP Condition (STOP). A convention called Acknowledge (ACK) confirms receipt of each byte. Note that SDA can change only during periods when SCL is LOW (SDA changes while SCL is HIGH are reserved for START and STOP conditions).

4.1 START Condition (START)

The TC1321 continuously monitors the SDA and SCL lines for a START condition (a HIGH to LOW transition of SDA while SCL is HIGH), and will not respond until this condition is met.

4.2 Address Byte

Immediately following the START condition, the host must transmit the address byte to the TC1321. The 7-bit SMBus address for the TC1321 is 1001000. The 7-bit address transmitted in the serial bit stream must match for the TC1321 to respond with an Acknowledge (indicating the TC1321 is on the bus and ready to accept data). The eighth bit in the Address Byte is a Read-Write bit. This bit is a 1 for a read operation or 0 for a write operation. During the first phase of any transfer, this bit will be set = 0 to indicate that the command byte is being written.

4.3 Acknowledge (ACK)

Acknowledge (ACK) provides a positive handshake between the host and the TC1321. The host releases SDA after transmitting eight bits, then generates a ninth clock cycle to allow the TC1321 to pull the SDA line LOW to Acknowledge that it successfully received the previous eight bits of data or address.

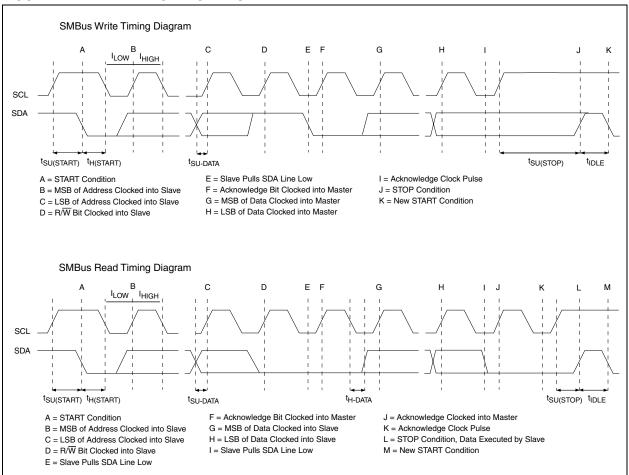
4.4 Data Byte

After a successful ACK of the address byte, the host must transmit the data byte to be written or clock out the data to be read. (See the appropriate timing diagrams.) ACK will be generated after a successful write of a data byte into the TC1321.

4.5 Stop Condition (STOP)

Communications must be terminated by a STOP condition (a LOW to HIGH transition of SDA while SCL is HIGH). The STOP condition must be communicated by the transmitter to the TC1321. Refer to Figure 4-1, Timing Diagrams for serial bus timing.

FIGURE 4-1: TIMING DIAGRAMS



4.6 Register Set and Programmer's Model

TABLE 4-2: TC1321 COMMAND SET (SMBus READ_BYTE AND WRITE_BYTE)

| Command Byte Description | | | | | |
|--------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Command | mand Code Function | | | | |
| RWD | 00h | Read/Write Data (DATA) | | | |
| RWCR | 01h | Read/Write Configuration (CONFIG) | | | |

TABLE 4-3: CONFIGURATION REGISTER (CONFIG), 8-BIT, READ/WRITE

| Configuration Register (CONFIG) | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------|------|---|------|------|-------------------|------|
| D[7] | D[6] | D[5] | D[4] | D[3] | D[2] | D[1] | D[0] |
| Reserved SHD | | | | | | | |
| В | it | POR | Function | | Туре | Type Operation | |
| D | [0] | 0 | l l | | | Standby Normal | |
| D[7] | -D[1] | 0 | Reserved; Always returns Zero when Read | | N/A | N/A | |

TABLE 4-4: DATA REGISTER (DATA), 10-BIT, READ/WRITE

| | Data Register (DATA) for 1st Byte | | | | | | | |
|------|-----------------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|--|
| D[9] | D[8] | D[7] | D[6] | D[5] | D[4] | D[3] | D[2] | |
| MSB | Х | Χ | Х | Х | Х | Χ | Х | |
| | Data Register (DATA) for 2nd Byte | | | | | | | |
| D[1] | D[0] | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | |
| Х | LSB | Х | Х | Х | Х | X | Х | |

The DAC output voltage is a function of reference voltage and the binary value of the contents of the register DATA. The transfer function is given by the expression:

EQUATION 4-1:

$$V_{OUT} = V_{REF} \times \left[\frac{DATA}{1024} \right]$$

4.7 Register Set Summary

The TC1321's register set is summarized in Table 4-5 below. All registers are 10-bits wide.

TABLE 4-5: TC1321 REGISTER SET SUMMARY

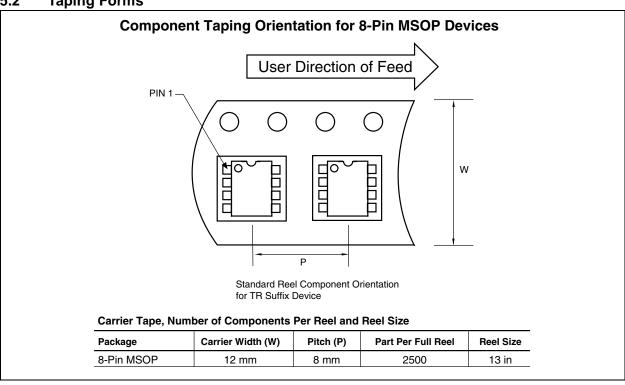
| Name | Description | POR State | Read | Write |
|--------|----------------------------------|-------------|------|-------|
| Data | DATA Register (2-Byte Format) | d000000000b | Х | Х |
| Config | CONFIG Register | 0000 0000b | Χ | Χ |

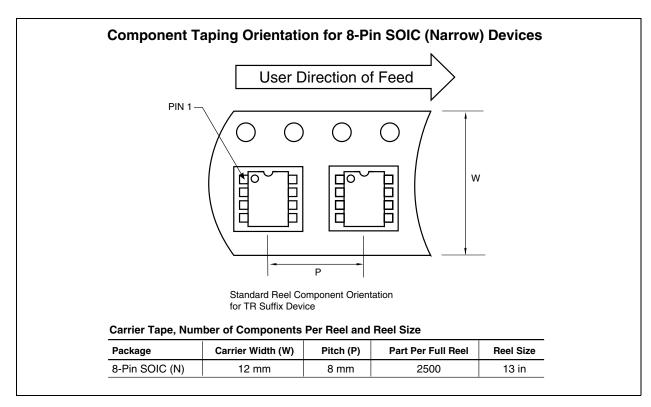
5.0 **PACKAGING INFORMATION**

5.1 **Package Marking Information**

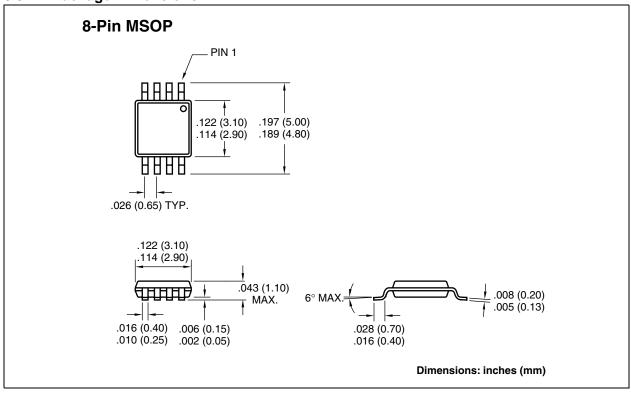
Package marking data not available at this time.

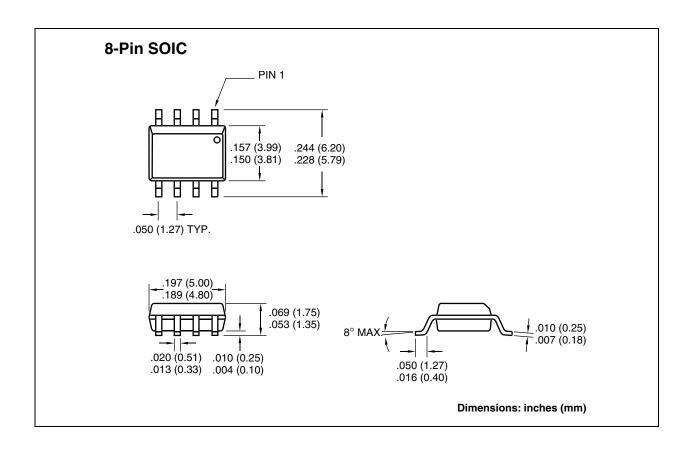
5.2 **Taping Forms**





5.3 Package Dimensions





NOTES:

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